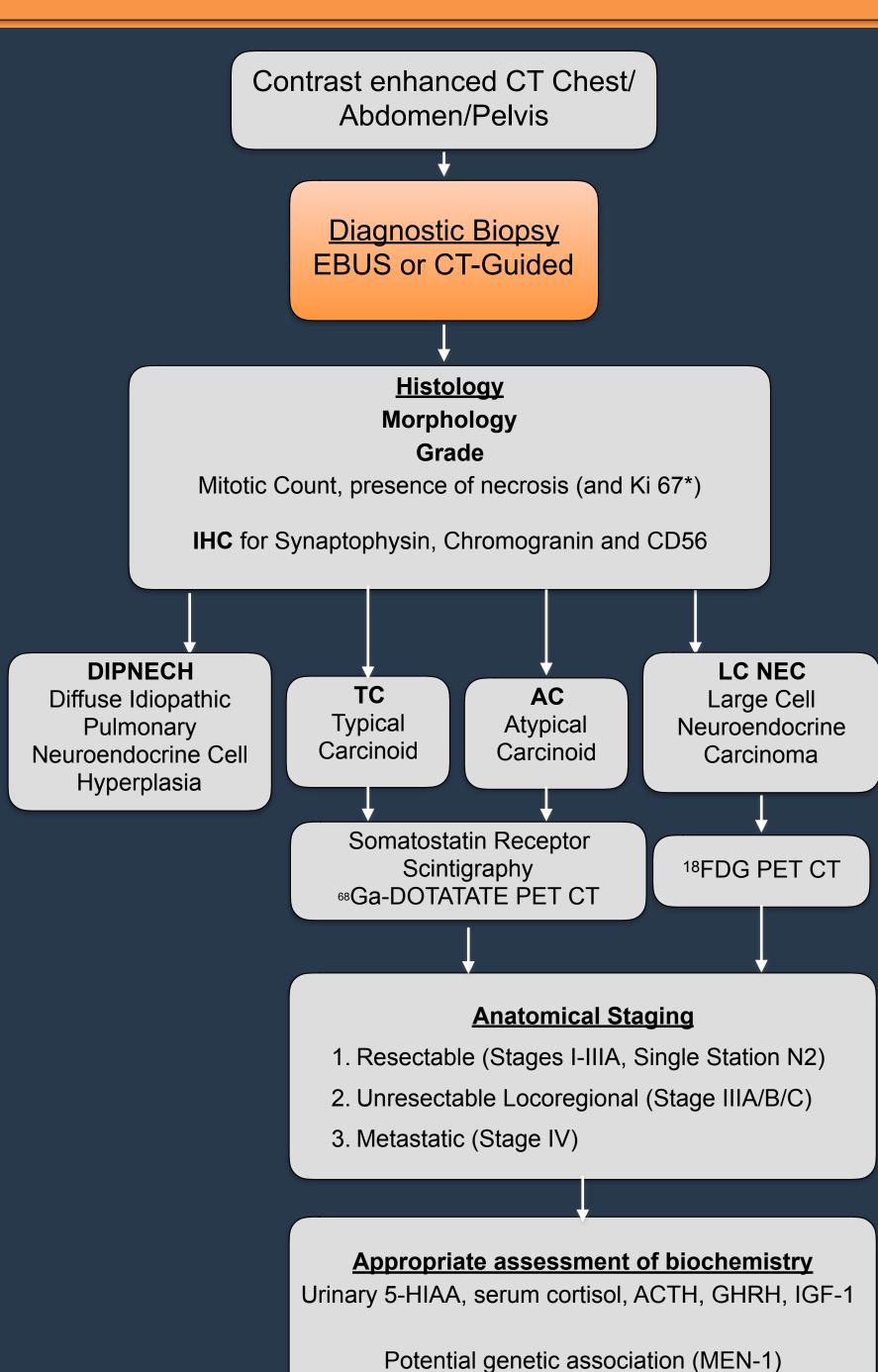
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# Pulmonary Neuroendocrine (Carcinoid) Tumours Diagnosis & Staging

PAGE 1 - DIAGNOSIS & STAGING ALGORITHM



#### • \* 1: Use of Ki-67

- (i) Ki-67 may be useful in biopsy in helping distinguish typical and atypical bronchial carcinoid from small cell lung cancer cytology. (ii) Ki-67 does not reliably distinguish typical from atypical bronchial carcinoid in any material.
- (iii) Ki-67 may help in predicting prognosis of typical and atypical bronchial carcinoid.
- (iv) The optimal methodology for assessing and counting Ki-67 positive cells in bronchial neuroendocrine tumours remains unsettled.
- SC NEC (SCLC): This diagnosis is excluded for the purpose of the algorithm as this disease is managed via the Lung Cancer MDT

For further notes, including references, please see the following pages...



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# Pulmonary Neuroendocrine (Carcinoid) Tumours Diagnosis & Staging

PAGE 2 - REFERENCES

#### References

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